### HAZELWOOD NORTH PRIMARY SCHOOL

No. 2382

121 Church Road, Hazelwood North. 3840 Phone: (03) 5166 1267 Fax: (03) 5166 1669

Email: hazelwood.north.ps@edumail.vic.gov.au



#### Procedures when a disclosure is made

### If a child discloses an incident of abuse to you

- Try and separate them from the other children discreetly and listen to them carefully.
- · Let the child use their own words to explain what has occurred.
- Reassure the child that you take what they are saying seriously, and it is not their fault and that they are doing the right thing.
- Explain to them that this information may need to be shared others, such as with their parent/carer, specific people in your organisation, or the police.
- Do not make promises to the child such as promising not to tell anyone about the incident, except that you will do your best to keep them safe.
- Do not leave the child in a distressed state. If they seem at ease in your company, stay with them.
- Provide them with an incident report form to complete, or complete it together, if you think the child is able to do this.
- As soon as possible after the disclosure, record the information using the child's words and report the disclosure to your manager or your organisation's child safety officer/champion, police or child protection.
- Ensure the disclosure is recorded accurately, and that the record is stored securely.

## If a parent/carer says their child has been abused in your organisation or raises a concern

- Explain that we have processes to ensure all abuse allegations are taken very seriously.
- · Ask about the wellbeing of the child.
- Allow the parent/carer to talk through the incident in their own words.
- Advise the parent/carer that you will take notes during the discussion to capture all details.
- Explain to them the information may need to be repeated to authorities or others, such as the Principal and / or Assistant Principal, the police or child protection.
- Do not make promises at this early stage, except that you will do your best to keep the child safe.
- Provide them with an incident report form to complete, or complete it together.
- Ask them what action they would like to take and advise them of what the immediate next steps will be.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A child safety officer/champion is a person in your organisation who has knowledge of child safety issues, and could be a point of contact for others who have questions or concerns or want to report an allegation of child abuse. You could consider including child safety officer/champion duties in the person's job description.

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- Ensure the report is recorded accurately, and that the record is stored securely.
- Some children with a disability may experience barriers disclosing an incident. For example, children with hearing or cognitive impairments may need support to help them explain the incident, including through sign language interpreters. Advice on communicating with people with a disability can be found on the Department of Health and Human Services website <www.dhs.vic.gov.au/for-business-and-community/community-involvement/people-with-a-disability-inthe-community/communicate-and-consult-with-people-with-a-disability/communication-with-people-with-disabilities>.
- If you believe a child is at immediate risk of abuse phone 000.
- Legal responsibilities
- While the child safe standards focus on organisations, every adult who reasonably believes that a child has been abused, whether in their organisation or not, has an obligation to report that belief to authorities.
- The **failure to disclose** criminal offence requires all adults (aged 18 and over) who hold a reasonable belief that a sexual offence has been committed in Victoria by an adult against a child under 16 to disclose that information to police (unless they have a reasonable excuse not to, for example because they fear for their safety or the safety of another).
- More information about <u>failure to disclose</u> is available on the Department of Justice and Regulation website
  <a href="https://www.justice.vic.gov.au/home/safer+communities/protecting+children+and+families/failure+to+disclose+offence">https://www.justice.vic.gov.au/home/safer+communities/protecting+children+and+families/failure+to+disclose+offence</a>
- While failure to disclose only covers child sexual abuse, all adults should report other forms of child abuse to authorities. Failure to disclose does not change mandatory reporting responsibilities.
- More information about <u>mandatory reporting</u> is available in the *Child protection manual* <a href="https://www.cpmanual.vic.gov.au/advice-and-protocols/advice/intake/mandatory-reporting">www.cpmanual.vic.gov.au/advice-and-protocols/advice/intake/mandatory-reporting</a>>.
- **Mandatory reporters** (doctors, nurses, midwives, teachers (including early childhood teachers), principals and police) must report to child protection if they believe on reasonable grounds that a child is in need of protection from physical injury or sexual abuse.
- See the Department of Health and Human Services website for information about <a href="https://how.to.make.areport.to.child.protection">how.to.make.areport.to.child.protection</a> <a href="https://www.dhs.vic.gov.au/about-the-department/documents-and-resources/reports-publications/guide-to-making-a-report-to-child-protection-or-child-first">how.to.make.areport.to.child.protection</a> <a href="https://www.dhs.vic.gov.au/about-the-department/documents-and-resources/reports-publications/guide-to-making-a-report-to-child-protection-or-child-first">how.to.make.areport.to.child.protection</a> <a href="https://www.dhs.vic.gov.au/about-the-department/documents-and-resources/reports-publications/guide-to-making-a-report-to-child-protection-or-child-first">how.to.gov.au/about-the-department/documents-and-resources/reports-publications/guide-to-making-a-report-to-child-protection-or-child-first</a>.
- The **failure to protect** criminal offence (commenced on 1 July 2015) applies where there is a substantial risk that a child under the age of 16 under the care, supervision or authority of a relevant organisation will become a victim of a sexual offence committed by an adult associated with that organisation. A person in a position of authority in the organisation will commit the offence if they know of the risk of abuse and have the power or responsibility to reduce or remove the risk, but negligently failed to do so.

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• Further information about <u>failure to protect</u> can be found on the Department of Justice and Regulation website <u>www.justice.vic.gov.au/home/safer+communities/protecting+children+and+families/failure+to+protect+offence</u>, and the Department of Health and Human Services website.